Version: 6.1

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Update: 09.07.2013

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE	SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING	
1.1. Product identifier		
Commercial product name	PULAN [®]	
Synonyms	Ammonium nitrate 34,4N	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the su	ubstance or mixture and uses advised against	
Ammonium nitrate is used as a mineral f	ertiliser in agriculture.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safe	ty data sheet	
Company name	Grupa Azoty Zakłady Azotowe "Puławy" S.A.	
Company address	Al. Tysiąclecia Państwa Polskiego 13; 24-110 Puławy; Poland	
Company telephone number	+48 (81) 886 34 31; +48 (81) 565 30 00 fax.: +48 (81) 565 28 56	
E-mail	dyspozytor@pulawy.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
Company shift dispatcher: + 48 (81) 565	20 00 (24 hours / 7 days a week)	
Emergency telephone number: 112		
SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIO	DN	
2.1. Classification of the substance or	mixture	
Classification according to 1999/45/W	E	
Hazard symbol(s)	O – Oxidising	
	Xi – Irritant	
R-phrases	R8, R36	
Classification according to (EC) 1272/	2008	
Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Ox. Sol. 3 - Oxidising solids, category 3	
	Eye Irrit. 2 - Eye irritation, category 2	
Hazard statement(s)	H272, H319	
Environmental hazards		
Product is not classified as hazardous substance for environment.		
Health hazards		
Skin contact	Prolonged contact with skin may cause redness.	
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation. Eye redness and eye pain may occur.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of large amount of ammonium nitrate may cause gastro - intestinal disturbances leading to vomiting, diarrhea, methemoglobin creation and thus cyanosis may occur.	
Inhalation	Inhalation of ammonium nitrate dusts may cause respiratory tract irritation.	

Creation date: 14.05.2008

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1	Creation date: 14.05.2008		Update: 09.07.2013
	1		
Long term effects	Within a few hours a (methemoglobinemia) may coloration of skin, nails and	fter ingestion occur leading lips).	methemoglobin creation further to cyanosis (blue
Adverse physicochemical effects	Non flammable product. Ho material to burn and ma substance starts at tempera confided spaces thermal Substances mentioned in s process and thus fire – expl ammonium nitrate decomp nitrogen oxides (NO _X) and a	wever, ammon ay intensify fir ature above me decomposition Section 10.5. n osion hazard in ioses with the mmonia (NH ₃).	ium nitrate can assist other e. Decomposition of pure lting point (see item 9.1). In may lead to explosion. hay catalyze decomposition creases. If involved in a fire, release of toxic fumes of
2.2. Label elements			
Hazard pictogram(s)	GHS03 GHS07		
Signal Word	Warning		
Hazard statement(s)	H272: May intensify fire; ox	idiser	
	H319: Causes serious eye	irritation.	
Precautionary statement(s)	P210: Keep away from he smoking; P221: Take any precaution	eat/sparks/open	flames/hot surfaces. — No
	P280: Wear protective glop protection:	ves/protective of	slothing/eye protection/ face
	P305 + P351 + P338: IF several minutes. Remove of Continue rinsing;	IN EYES: Rins contact lenses,	e cautiously with water for if present and easy to do.
	P337 + P313: If eye irritation	n persists: Get r	nedical advice/attention.
2.3. Other hazards			
PBT and vPvB assessment is not releva of PBT and vPvB criteria.	nt and it is not required for the	substances of	inorganic type. No fulfillment
SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMA	TION ON INGREDIENTS		
3.1. Substances			
Not relevant			
3.2. Mixtures			
Product identifier	PULAN®		
Classification according to 67/548/EE	c		

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Creation date: 14.05.2008

Update: 09.07.2013

Chemical name	% (w/w)	EC Number	Registration number	Symbol	R phrases
Ammonium nitrate (V)	≥ 98%	229-347-8	01-2119490981-27-0025	O; Xi	R8; R36
Magnesium nitrate (V)	≤ 2%	233-826-7	01-2119491164-38-0008	0	R8

Classification according to (EC) 1272/2008

Chemical name	% (w/w)	EC Number	Registration number	Hazard Class	Hazard statement
Ammonium nitrate (V)	≥ 98%	229-347-8	01-2119490981-27-0025	Oxid. Solid 3 Eye Irrit. 2	H272 H319
Magnesium nitrate (V)	≤2%	233-826-7	01-2119491164-38-0008	Oxid. Solid 3	H272

Full text of R-phrases and Hazard statements mentioned in this Section are listed in Section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	Provide sufficient general and local ventilation. Installation of safety showers and eyewash stations is recommended at workplace.
Inhalation	Remove victim from the area of exposure to fresh air. Obtain medical attention if symptoms of poisoning occur.
Ingestion	If swallowed, give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Ingestion of small amounts of ammonium nitrate usually does not cause intoxication. Ingestion of large amount of ammonium nitrate may cause gastro - intestinal disturbances and methemoglobin creation. In some cases low blood pressure is also observed. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical advice if symptoms of irritation occur.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for about 15 minutes. Avoid strong water stream due to the risk of mechanical damage to cornea. Obtain ophthalmologists' assistance.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes eye irritation; ammonium nitrate dusts may lead to respiratory tract irritation and skin redness. Ingestion may induce methemoglobin creation (methemoglobinemia) and lead further to cyanosis (blue coloration of skin, nails and lips).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Professional medical attention must be provided in case of clinical signs of methemoglobinemia and 100 %

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1	Creation date: 14.05.2008	Update: 09.07.2013		
oxygen must be given to the victim for breathing and 1g of ascorbic acid administered intravenously. If physician is present at the scene, then methylene blue must be given to the victim (dose ca. $10 - 50$ ml).				
SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASUR	ES			
5.1. Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	Not flammable. Use large amounts of water if i	nvolved in fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use foam and dry chemical extinguishe	Irs.		
5.2. Special hazards arising from the s	substance or mixture			
For more details see item 2.1.				
5.3. Advice for firefighters				
Wear full chemical resistant protective cl	othing and positive pressure, self contained brea	athing apparatus.		
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE	IEASURES			
6.1. Personal precautions, protective of	equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel				
Suitable protective equipment	 Depending on exposure route use: protective glasses (according to EN 166 state dust masks (according to EN 149 standard) protective gloves (according to EN 388 stare 	andard)) ndard)		
-	protective goggles (according to EN 166 sta			
Emergency procedures	area of exposure.	iltrate dusts evacuate the		
For emergency responders				
Wear protective clothing, dust masks, pr self contained breathing apparatus.	otective gloves, protective goggles and in case	of high temperatures use		
6.2. Environmental precautions				
Avoid contamination of watercourses and	d drains with large amount of ammonium nitrate.			
6.3. Methods and material for contain	nent and cleaning up			
Recommendations for preventing the spread of the spill and its elimination	Small spill and leak: Vacuum or sweep up mat Large spill and leak: Vacuum or sweep up mat with large amounts of water. Reuse collected ammonium nitrate as a fert further disposal.	erial. terial. Rinse affected area tiliser or give it away for		
6.4. Reference to other sections				
See section 8 for personal protective equ	ipment and section 13 for waste disposal.			
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAG	E			
7.1. Precautions for safe handling				
Avoid inhalation of dust. Handle with ca	are in accordance with good industrial hygiene	and safety practice. Use		

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Creation date: 14.05.2008

Update: 09.07.2013

personal protective equipment. Ensure proper cleanness of transport means. In order to prevent humidification avoid product exposure to atmospheric conditions and work in dry, clean and well - ventilated areas. Avoid open flame and high temperatures.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ammonium nitrate should be stored in original packaging only. The storage buildings should be clean, dry and well ventilated. Procedures should be in place to prevent against theft or access by unauthorized persons. In a warehouse with ammonium nitrate it is strongly forbidden to smoke, weld, use open flame and store materials that can react violently with ammonium nitrate or are combustible, e.g.: reducing agents, metal oxides, powdered metals, alkalis, acids, organic materials (e.g. straw, oil, grease). Protect from direct sunlight and heating above 30°C.

In one storage room no more than 300 tonnes of ammonium nitrate are allowed to be stored. The number of rooms in the warehouse is unlimited. Fertiliser in packages not exceeding 50kg can be stored in stacks having maximum twelve layers. Elastic containers (big bag type) which do not exceed mass of 600 kg should be stored in stacks consisting of maximum two layers.

PULAN® should be stored on the floor made of incombustible materials and protected from dampness. The minimum distance of stacks from warehouse walls should not be less than 0,2 m and not less than 1,5 m from heat sources

Do not store ammonium nitrate with other fertilisers.

Note: See section 9 for physical and chemical properties.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See the attached exposure scenarios for more details.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Biological limit values

Not established

Ammonium nitrate DNEL (for workers)

Chronic toxicity; systemic effects	Exposure route: dermal	DNEL: 21,3 mg/kg bw/day
Chronic toxicity; systemic effects	Exposure route: inhalation	DNEL: 37,6 mg/m ³

Ammonium nitrate PNEC

Freshwater	0,45 mg/l
Marine water	0,045 mg/l
Accidental release	4,5 mg/l
STP	18 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

See the attached exposure scenarios for more details.

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Creation date: 14.05.2008

Update: 09.07.2013

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
9.1 Information on basic physical and	chemical properties		
Appearance	Solid, white or yellowish granules		
Odour	None		
Odour threshold	Not relevant		
рН	≥ 4,5		
Melting point/freezing point	Ammonium nitrate: 169,6 ℃ (p = 1013 hPa)		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes at 210 °C		
Flash point	Not relevant (mixture is non – flammable)		
Evaporation rate	No data		
Flammability	Mixture is non – flammable; may intensify fire and oxidation		
Upper/lower explosion limits	Not relevant (mixture is not explosive)		
Vapour pressure	No data		
Vapour density	Not relevant		
Relative density	1,72 at 20 ℃ (water = 1)		
Solubility In water	> 100 g/l at 20 °C		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not relevant (inorganic mixture)		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not relevant (mixture is non – flammable)		
Decomposition temperature	≥ 210 °C		
Viscosity	Not relevant (solid mixture)		
Explosive properties	Non - explosive accordingly to the laboratory test, which was carried out in compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 2003/2003 of the European Parliament and Council of 13 October 2003 relating to fertilisers. Substance resistance to detonation transfer is reduced in presence of impurities and/or at high temperature. Heating in enclosed space, especially in presence of materials mentioned in item 10.5. may cause violent uncontrolled reaction or explosion.		
Oxidising properties	Ammonium nitrate is characterized with oxidizing properties.		
9.2. Other information			
Solubility in organic solvents	Good solubility in pyridine, methanol, liquid ammonia. Limited solubility is observed in solvents such as: ethanol, acetone.		
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTI	VITY		

10.1. Reactivity

Ammonium nitrate is unsteady material on heating to high temperature (see item 5.2.). Ammonium nitrate is characterized with oxidizing properties and therefore reacts violently with combustible and/or reducing agents (see item 10.5). Aqueous solutions of ammonium nitrate are known to act like a weak acids.

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Creation date: 14.05.2008

Update: 09.07.2013

10.2. Chemical stability

Product is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with combustible materials and/or reducing agents (see item 10.5.).

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flame, heating above melting point (see item 9.1.), exposure to atmospheric conditions (see item 7.2), contact with incompatible materials (see item 10.5).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from incompatible materials such as: reducing agents, metal oxides, powdered metals, alkalis, acids, zinc, copper and its alloys, organic materials (e.g. straw, oil, grease).

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and ammonia (NH₃)

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Aquita	tovioity
Acute	toxicity:

	Ingredient name	Route	Specie(s)	Result	
	Ammonium	Inhalation (30min.)	-	Not relevant	
	nitrate (100%)	Ingestion	rat	LD ₅₀ : 2950 mg/kg	
		Skin contact	rat	LD ₅₀ : 5000 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation;	There is no evidence of skin irritation. Prolonged contact may cause skin redness.				
Serious eye damage/irritation;	Ammonium nitrate causes eye irritation.				
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	There is no evidence for skin or respiratory tract sensitization. No classification.				
Germ cell mutagenicity	There is no evidence for genotoxicity. No classification.				
Carcinogenicity	There is no evidence for carcinogenicity. No classification.				
Reproductive toxicity	There is no evidence for reproductive toxicity. No classification.				
STOT (Specific target organ	Not classified.				
<i>Toxicity</i>) - single exposure					
STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified.				
Aspiration hazard	There is no evidence for aspiration hazards.				
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics					

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Version: 6.1 Creation date: 14.05.2008 Update: 09.07.2013 Inhalation Inhalation of ammonium nitrate dusts may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion of large amount of ammonium nitrate may cause gastro-Ingestion intestinal disturbances leading to vomiting, diarrhea, methemoglobin creation possibly resulting in cyanosis. Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause skin redness. Eye contact Contact with eye may cause eye irritation. Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Within a few hours after ingestion methemoglobin creation (methemoglobinemia) may occur leading further to cyanosis (blue coloration of skin, nails and lips). **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 12.1. Toxicity Short-term (acute) toxicity: Ingredient name Test Result Ammonium nitrate Fish LC50 (48 h): 447 mg/l (100%) Potassium nitrate Aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀ (48 h): 490 mg/l (100%) Toxicity to algae: Ingredient name Result Test Potassium nitrate Algae EC₅₀: 1700 mg/l (100%) Toxicity to aquatic microorganism: Ingredient name Test Result EC₅₀: 1000 mg/l Aquatic micro -Sodium nitrate (100%) organisms EC10: 180 mg/l 12.2. Persistence and degradability Biodegradability in case of inorganic chemicals is not required to Regulation (EC) 1907/2006. 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation does not occur in case of ammonium nitrate. 12.4. Mobility in soil Based on physico-chemical properties, ammonium nitrate is predicted to have a high mobility in soil. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Update: 09.07.2013

PBT and vPvB assessment is not relevant and it is not required for the substances of inorganic type.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Ammonium nitrate is not listed in the Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 as the substance potentially depleting the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods	Reuse as a mineral fertiliser or give it away for further disposal. Avoid disposal into drains and sewers.
Package waste disposal	Dispose in accordance with national and local environmental regulations. Empty containers must be handed over to a licensed waste disposal contractor (package waste code 15 01 02).
Waste code	02 01 09 - Agrochemical waste other than those mentioned in 02 01 08
Special precautions	See Section 7 for more details.
Relevant Community provisions	Disposal of this product any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. U	JN n	umber
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2067

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Ammonium nitrate based fertiliser

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

5.1

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards	
Not applicable.	
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Follow rules and guidelines of the traffic code.	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	
Product name	Not applicable.
Ship type	Not applicable.
Pollution Category	Not applicable.
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION	

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Creation date: 14.05.2008

Update: 09.07.2013

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Authorisation

Material is not subject to authorization according to Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Restrictions

Ammonium nitrate is subject to following restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use according to Annex XVII of EC Regulation No. 1907/2006:

- Shall not be placed on the market for the first time after 27 June 2010 as a substance, or in mixtures that contain more than 28 % by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate, for use as a solid fertiliser, straight or compound, unless the fertiliser complies with the technical provisions for ammonium nitrate fertilisers of high nitrogen content set out in Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council.
- 2. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 June 2010 as a substance, or in mixtures that contain 16 % or more by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate except for supply to:
 - a) downstream users and distributors, including natural or legal persons licensed or authorised in accordance with Council Directive 93/15/EEC;
 - b) farmers for use in agricultural activities, either full time or part time and not necessarily related to the size of the land area. For the purposes of this subparagraph:
 - (i) 'farmer' shall mean a natural or legal person, or a group of natural or legal persons, whatever legal status is granted to the group and its members by national law, whose holding is situated within Community territory, as referred to in Article 299 of the Treaty, and who exercises an agricultural activity;
 - (ii) 'agricultural activity' shall mean the production, rearing or growing of agricultural products including harvesting, milking, breeding animals and keeping animals for farming purposes, or maintaining the land in good agricultural and environmental condition as established under Article 5 of Council Regulation (EC) No 1782/2003;
 - c) natural or legal persons engaged in professional activities such as horticulture, plant growing in greenhouses, maintenance of parks, gardens or sport pitches, forestry or other similar activities.
- 3. However, for the restrictions in paragraph 2, Member States may until 1 July 2014, for socioeconomic reasons, apply a limit of up to 20 % by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate for substances and mixtures placed on the market within their territories. They shall inform the Commission and other Member States thereof.

Other UE regulations
Ammonium nitrate is listed in Part 1 of Annex I to the Regulation (EU) 2012/18 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances, amending and subsequently repealing Council Directive 96/82/EC (also known as the Sevesso III Directive).
Ammonium nitrate is listed in Annex II to the Regulation (EU) No 98/2013 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.
15.2. Chemical safety assessment
Grupa Azoty Zakłady Azotowe "Puławy" S.A. prepared a relevant chemical safety assessment for ammonium nitrate.
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Changes made

Change of company name.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms:

Index number – is the nine-digit code that is assigned to chemical substances in part 3 of Annex VI (EC) 1272/2008

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Creation date: 14.05.2008

Update: 09.07.2013

EC number - is the seven-digit code that is assigned to chemical substances that are commercially available within the European Union

CAS number - unique numerical identifier assigned by the Chemical Abstracts Service to every chemical substance

DNEL - is the level of exposure to a substance above which humans should not be exposed.

PNEC - is the concentration below which exposure to a substance is not expected to cause adverse effects for environmental.

 LC_{50} - in toxicology, the median lethal dose, LD_{50} (abbreviation for "Lethal Dose, 50%"), LC_{50} (Lethal Concentration, 50%) of a toxic substance or radiation is the dose required to kill half the members of a tested population after a specified test duration.

 LD_{50} - in toxicology, lethal dose (LD) is an indication of the lethality of a given chemical substance. It represents the amount of a material, which results in death of 50% of a group of test animals.

EC₅₀ - effective concentration of a toxic substance at 50% mortality rate of the affected community being observed

 $EC_{10}\hfill\ effective\ concentration\ of\ a\ toxic\ substance\ at\ 10\%\ mortality\ rate\ of\ the\ affected\ community\ being\ observed$

Log K_{OW} - is defined as the ratio of the molar concentrations of a chemical in n-octanol and water, in dilute solution.

 $K_{O/C}$ – is defined as the ratio of the molar concentrations of a chemical in organic carbon and water.

Indicative Occupational exposure limit value - 8 hours - Maximum acceptable average concentration limit value (time-weighted average) of an air contaminant in respiratory air. An occupational exposure limit value is either a level limit value or a ceiling limit value. Measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (TWA).

Indicative Occupational exposure Limit value - Short term [mg/m³] Maximum acceptable average concentration limit value (time-weighted average) of an air contaminant in respiratory air. An occupational exposure limit value is either a level limit value or a ceiling limit value. Short-term exposure limit (STEL). A limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified.

Instruction	Personnel involved in dealing with the substance should be trained and work according to relevant HSE guidelines. Drivers who are responsible for transportation of the substance should be professionally trained in requirements of ADR.
References	Chemical Safety Reports for ammonium nitrate and as well for magnesium nitrate were applied during MSDS preparation.

R-phrases referred to under headings 2 - 15

R8 - contact with combustible material may cause fire

R36 - irritating to eyes.

Hazard statements referred to under headings 2 - 15

H272: May intensify fire; oxidizer.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

NOTE:

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is given in good faith and belief in its accuracy based on our knowledge of the substance/mixture concerned at the date of publication. It does not imply the acceptance of any legal liability or just responsibility whatsoever by the Company for the consequences of its use or misuse in any particular circumstances.

Annexes:

Exposure scenario No 1: Manufacturing of the substance including safe handling, storage and quality control. Exposure scenario No 2: Industrial and professional use of ammonium nitrate for formulation of mixture, as

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments.



Version: 6.1

Creation date: 14.05.2008

Update: 09.07.2013

intermediate and as end-use substance.

Exposure scenario No 3: Consumer application of ammonium nitrate as a fertilizer or matches/fireworks component.

EXPOSURE SCENARIO No 1: PULAN®

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments



Version: 2

Date of creation: 25.11.2010

MANUFACTURING OF THE SUBSTANCE INCLUDING SAFE HANDLING, STORAGE AND QUALITY CONTROL

1. Sector of use (SU):

SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals

2. Process category (PROC):

PROC 1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC 2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC 8a - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at nondedicated facilities

PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC 9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC 14 - Production of mixtures or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation

PROC 15 - Use as laboratory reagent

3. Product category (PC):

Not relevant.

4. Environmental release category (ERC):

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

5. Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Manufacturing of the substance (including: safe handling, loading/unloading and storing, quality control (sampling, probing testing, filling, dosing, maintenance works, clean down etc.) in closed continuous mode. The abovementioned tasks and activities are performed mainly indoor with industrial settings.

6. Product characteristics:	
Physical state of the substance/product	Solid
Volatility of the substance/product	Low
Concentration of substance in product	Not relevant

7. Amounts used:

>2,8 ton/day - > 1000 ton/year per site

8. Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

Duration of worker exposure: > 4 hours/day

9. Technical conditions and measures to prevent or avoid human exposure

Rigorously contained production process and thus all processing operations must take place using enclosed, automated technological equipment. General ventilation is also required.

10. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation:

EXPOSURE SCENARIO No 1: PULAN®

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments



Date of creation: 25.11.2010



Eye protection	In case of contact with product use chemical splash safety goggles according to EN 166 standard.	
Skin and body protection	Protective clothing.	
Hand protection	Protective gloves (according to EN 388 standard).	
Respiratory protection	In case of exposure to ammonium nitrate dust use dust masks (according to EN 149 standard).	
Other recommended protection measures	Apply integrated risk management system on site.	
11. Frequency and duration of environmental release:		
In this case the relevant estimation was not performed.		
12. Technical conditions and measures to reduce or avoid environmental release		
In general, this Exposure Scenario considers tasks and activities, which are performed in closed system. Therefore no likelihood of exposure/release, or with occasional controlled exposure/release. All technological devices should be regularly controlled and maintained to avoid uncontrolled discharge of ammonium nitrate.		
13. Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:		
Average effluent flow rate	2000 m ³ /day (default assumption)	
Average receiving river flow rate	≥ 18000 m ³ /day, (default assumption)	
Efficiency of STP	about 95%	

 14. Conditions and measures related to waste management

 Sludge obtained from water purification, should be stored (on site) at relevant landfill site.

15. Exposure estimation:

Exposure Assessment Method In this case the relevant estimation was not performed. However, quantitative assessment is available.

EXPOSURE SCENARIO No 2: PULAN®

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments



Version: 2

Date of creation: 25.11.2010

INDUSTRIAL AND PROFESSIONAL USE OF AMMONIUM NITRATE FOR FORMULATION OF MIXTURES, AS INTERMEDIATE AND AS END-USE SUBSTANCE

1. Sector of use (SU):

SU3 - Industrial uses (Uses of substances as such or in mixtures at industrial sites)

SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of mixtures and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

2. Process category (PROC):

PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of mixtures and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at nondedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC11 - Non industrial spraying

PROC13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring.

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

PROC19 - Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available.

3. Product category (PC):

PC1 - Adhesives, sealants

PC11 - Explosives

PC12 - Fertilisers

PC19 - Intermediate

PC37 - Water treatment chemicals

4. Environmental release category (ERC):

ERC2 - Formulation of mixtures

ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

ERC8b - Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems

ERC8e - Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

5. Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario:

The exposure scenario is strictly connected with ammonium nitrate applications as end-use substance, intermediate or as raw material for formulation of some mixtures. In most cases when ammonium nitrate is applied by industry all processing operations are performed in closed system and the mentioned operations can be continuous or batch. Technological equipment containing ammonium nitrate can be placed outdoor or indoor depending on manufacturing scale, but usually loading and unloading steps take place outdoor. In most cases industrial operations are preformed automatically, however some tasks and activities i.e. sampling or maintenance works must be carried out manually.

Typical tasks and activities for professional settings: handling, loading/unloading, filling, dosing, mixing or applying of some preparations with ammonium nitrate i.e. fertilisers including also spraying.

EXPOSURE SCENARIO No 2: PULAN®

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments



Version: 2

Date of creation: 25.11.2010

6. Product characteristics:	
Physical state of the substance/product	Solid
Volatility of the substance/product	Low
Concentration of substance in product	≥ 25%

7. Amounts used:

>2,8 ton/day -> 1000 ton/year per site

8. Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

Duration of worker exposure: > 4 hours/day

Frequency of workers exposure: ≤ 240 days/ year

40 Conditions and measures valated to

9. Technical conditions and measures to prevent or avoid human exposure

Workers exposure to ammonium nitrate is usually negligible, because most operations are performed in remote mode. However in case exposure to the substance exists, then personal protective equipment must be used. General ventilation is also required.

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To. Conditions and measures h	10. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation.	
Eye protection	In case of contact with product use chemical splash safety goggles according to EN 166 standard.	
Skin and body protection	Protective clothing.	
Hand protection	Protective gloves (according to EN 388 standard).	
Respiratory protection	In case of exposure to ammonium nitrate dust use dust masks (according to EN 149 standard).	
Other recommended protection measures	Apply integrated risk management system on site.	

11. Frequency and duration of environmental release:

In this case the relevant estimation was not performed.

12. Technical conditions and measures to reduce or avoid environmental release

In general, this Exposure Scenario considers tasks and activities, which are performed in closed system. Therefore no likelihood of exposure/release, or with occasional controlled exposure/release. All technological devices should be regularly controlled and maintained to avoid uncontrolled discharge of ammonium nitrate.

In case of ammonium nitrate applications as a fertiliser the substance release is intentional and it is considered as a controlled operation.

13. Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:	
Average effluent flow rate	2000 m ³ /day (default assumption)
Average receiving river flow rate	≥ 18000 m ³ /day, (default assumption)
Efficiency of STP	about 95%
Additional information	If no access to STP, then biological water treatment is recommended before environmental discharging.

EXPOSURE SCENARIO No 2: PULAN[®]

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments



Date of creation: 25.11.2010



14. Conditions and measures related to waste management		
Sludge obtained from water purification, should be stored (on site) at relevant landfill site.		
15. Exposure estimation:		
Exposure Assessment Method	In this case the relevant estimation was not performed. However, quantitative assessment is available.	

EXPOSURE SCENARIO No 3: PULAN®

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments



Version: 2

Date of creation: 25.11.2010

Update: 09.07.2013

CONSUMER APPLICATION OF AMMONIUM NITRATE AS A FERTILIZER OR MATCHES/FIREWORKS COMPONENT.

1. Sector of use (SU):

SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

2. Process category (PROC):

Not relevant

3. Product category (PC):

PC11 - Explosives

PC12 - Fertilisers

4. Environmental release category (ERC):

ERC8b - Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems

ERC8e - Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

ERC10a - Wide dispersive outdoor use of long-life articles and materials with low release

5. Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

The exposure scenario is strictly connected with consumer applications of ammonium nitrate: as a fertiliser in agriculture works or matches/fireworks component. Consumers applications are characterized with intentional and controlled release of ammonium nitrate to the environment. These involves activities carried out indoor or outdoor depending on situation.

6. Product characteristics:

Physical state of the substance/product	Solid
Volatility of the substance/product	Low
Concentration of substance in product	Not relevant

7. Amounts used:

Not relevant

8. Frequency and duration of use/exposure:

In general periodic exposure.

Duration of worker exposure: > 4 hours/day

9. Technical conditions and measures to prevent or avoid human exposure

If ammonium nitrate is applied indoor then general ventilation is required. If there is a risk of direct contact with the substance then personal protective equipment is required (goggles, gloves, dust masks).

10. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation:

Eye protection	In case of contact with product use safety goggles according to EN 166 standard.
Skin and body protection	Protective clothing.
Hand protection	Protective gloves (according to EN 388 standard).

EXPOSURE SCENARIO No 3: PULAN®

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with further amendments



Date of creation: 25.11.2010



Respiratory protection	In case of exposure to ammonium nitrate dust use dust masks (according to EN 149 standard).
11. Frequency and duration of environmental release:	
In this case the relevant estimation wa	s not performed.
12. Technical conditions and measures to reduce or avoid environmental release	
Consumers applications of ammonium release of the substance therefore no	nitrate, especially as a fertiliser are characterized with intent and controlled environmental hazards.
13. Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:	
Average effluent flow rate	2000 m ³ /day (default assumption)
Average receiving river flow rate	≥ 18000 m ³ /day, (default assumption)
Efficiency of STP	about 95%
14. Conditions and measures related to waste management	
Not relevant	
15. Exposure estimation:	
Exposure Assessment Method	In this case the relevant estimation was not performed. However, quantitative assessment is available.