Product Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to REGULATION (EU) No. 453/2010

Group Number	4	
Version	1.4	
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NPK/NP/NK containing less than 70% Ammonium Nitrate (Non-hazardous)

1.0 Identification of the substance/mixture a	Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking				
1.1 Product Identifier					
Product/Trade name	Glasson Fertilisers 25-05-05, 20-10-10, 26-02-06, 24-00-15, 24-00-14+7.5%SO ₃ , 15-15-15, 12-15-20, and any other solid compound fertilizer containing less than 70% Ammonium Nitrate.				
Common chemical name	AN based NPK, compound fertilizer, complex fertilizer, NP fertilizer, NK fertilizer				
Synonyms	Not applicable.				
Chemical formula	Main ingredient: NH₄NO₃				
EU index number	Not applicable.				
EC No	Not applicable.				
CAS No.	Not applicable.				
REACH Registration Number.	Not applicable as the fertilizer is a mixture.				
National Product Registration Number, where applicable	Not applicable.				
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substand	nixture and uses advised against				
Use of the substance/mixture	Fertilizer				
Uses advised against	The use of this substance should be limited to those specified in this SDS.				
I.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data	sheet				
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	Glasson Fertilisers				
	West Quay, Glasson Dock				
	Lancaster, LA2 0DB				
	Tel: +44 (0) 1524 753600				
	fertilizers@glassongrain.co.uk				
1.4 Emergency telephone number	+44 (0)1524 753600 (7:30am - 5:00pm)				

2	Hazards identification	
2.1	Classification of the substance or mixtu	ure
	Classification in accordance with Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP)	Non-hazardous.
	Hazard Statement(s)	Not applicable
	Classification in accordance with Directive 67/548 (DSD)	Not applicable
	Risk phrase(s)	Not applicable
2.2	Label elements	
	Hazard pictogram(s)	None.
	Signal word	Not applicable
	Hazard Statement(s)	None.

	Precautionary statement(s)	P210 P220 P370+P378 P264	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames & hot surfaces. — No smoking. Keep/Store away from combustible materials & chemicals. In case of fire: Use copious quantities of water. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
2.3	Other hazards			
	PBT/vPvB criteria	U U	x XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB assessment has been nmonium nitrate is inorganic.	
	Other hazards which do not result in classif	fication		
	Physical and chemical hazards	Fertilizers are basically harmless products when handled correctly. However, the following points should be noted for fire, heating and detonation: The fertilizer is not itself combustible but it can support combustion, even in the absence of air. On heating it melts and further heating can cause decomposition, releasing toxic fumes containing nitrogen oxides, ammonia and other gases depending on composition. It has high resistance to detonation. Heating under strong confinement can lead to explosive behaviour.		
	Health hazards	The fertilizers are basically harmless products when handled correctly. However, prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause discomfort, ingestion of large quantities may give rise to gastro-intestinal disorders and inhalation of dust at high concentrations may cause irritation of the nose and upper respiratory tract with symptoms such as sore throat and coughing. There are no known long term effects.		
	Environmental hazards		itrate and phosphate may cause adverse environmental impact such as eutrophication in confined itrate contamination. See Section 12.	

Hazardous ingredients								
Chemical name	CAS no.	EC no.	Generic REACh Reg No.)	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008	Classification Directive 67/548/EEC	% (w/w)		
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	229-347-8	01-2119490981-27- xxxx	Ox. Sol 3, H272 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	O; R8, Xi; R36	< 70%		
Other ingredients	·	·		•	•	•		
Ammonium Sulphate	7783-20-2	231-984-1	01-2119455044-46- xxxx	-	-	Variable		
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	207-439-9	Exempt	-	-	Variable		
Potassium Chloride	7447-40-7	231-211-8	Exempt	-	-	Variable		
Diammonium Phosphate	7783-28-0	231-987-8	01-2119490974-22- xxxx	-	-	Variable		
Magnesium Sulphate	14168-73-1	231-298-2	Exempt	-	-	Variable		
Potassium Sulphate	7778-80-5	231-915-5	01-2119489441-34- xxxx	-	-	Variable		

4.0	First aid measures	rst aid measures					
4.1	Description of first aid measures						
	General In some cases medical attention necessary (see below).						
		Remove from source of exposure to dusts. Obtain medical attention if ill effects occur.					
	_	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth and then give water or milk to drink. Obtain medical attention if more than a small quantity has been swallowed.					
	Skin contact Wash the affected area with water.						

	-	Flush/irrigate eyes with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Obtain medical attention if symptoms persist.	
4.2	Most important symptoms and effects, both a		
	Acute effects	None known.	
	Delayed effects	None known.	
4.3	Indication of any immediate medical attention	n and special treatment needed	
	Note to physician	Inhalation of fire and thermal decomposition gases, containing oxides of nitrogen, ammonia and other toxic gases can cause irritation and corrosive effects on the respiratory system. Some lung effects may be delayed. Give oxygen, especially if there is blueness around the mouth.	

5.0	Fire-fighting measures			
5.1	Extinguishing media			
	Suitable extinguishing media	If fertilizer is not directly involved in the fire Use the best means available to extinguish the fire If fertilizer is involved in the fire Use plenty of water.		
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use chemical extinguishers or foams or attempt to smother the fire with steam or sand.		
5.2	Special hazards arising from the substance	or mixture		
	Specific hazards	Potential explosion hazard under fire conditions when severely confined and/or contaminted with incompatible materials (e.g. organic materials, halogenated compounds - see Section 10). Do not allow molten fertilizers to run into drains.		
	Hazardous thermal decomposition and combustion products	Oxides of nitrogen, ammonia and depending on composition HCl etc.		
5.3	5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special fire fighting procedures Open doors and windows of the store to give maximum ventilation. Avoid breathing the fumes (toxic); stand up-wind of the fire. Prevent any contamination of fertilizer by oils or other combustible materials.		Avoid breathing the fumes (toxic); stand up-wind of the fire.		
	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	Use a self-contained breathing apparatus if fumes are being entered.		

6.0	Accidental release measures				
	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Avoid walking through spilled product and exposure to dust.			
6.2	Environmental precautions	Take care to avoid the contamination of watercourses and drains and inform the appropriate authority in case of accidental contamination of watercourses.			
	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Any spillage of fertilizer should be cleaned up promptly, swept up and placed in a clean labelled open container for safe disposal, avoiding dusty conditions. Do not mix with sawdust and other combustible or organic substances. Dilute any contaminated or fine grained fertilizer with inert materials such as limestone/dolomite, mineral phosphate, gypsum, sand or dissolve in water.			
6.4	Reference to other sections	See section 1 for emergency contact information, section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.			

7.0	Handling and storage					
	The information in this section contains generic provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).	ins generic advice and guidance. The list of identified uses given in section 1 should be considered for any use-specific information).				
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Avoid excessive generation of dust. Avoid contamination by combustible (e.g. diesel oil, grease, etc.) and/or other incompatible materials. Avoid unnecessary exposure to the atmosphere to prevent moisture pick-up. When handling the product over long periods use appropriate personal protective equipment, e.g. gloves. Carefully clean all equipment prior to maintenance and repair.				
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in compliance with national and local regulations Locate away from the sources of heat or fire. Keep away from combustible materials and substances mentioned under Section10. On farm, ensure that the fertilizer is not stored near hay, straw, grain, diesel oil, etc. When stored loose, take particular care to avoid mixing with other fertilizers. Ensure high standard of housekeeping in the storage area. Do not permit smoking and use of naked lights in the storage areas. Restrict stack size (according to local regulations) and keep at least 1m distance around the stacks of bagged products. Any building used for the storage should be dry and well ventilated. Where the nature of the bagged product and climatic conditions so require, store under conditions that will avoid product should not be stored in direct sunlight to avoid physical breakdown due to thermal cycling. The product should not be stored in direct sunlight to avoid physical breakdown due to thermal cycling. Packaging materials: Plastic synthetic materials, steel and aluminum are suitable. Avoid use of copper and zinc.				
7.3	Specific end use(s)	Fertiliser.				

8.0 Exposure controls/personal protection The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of identified uses given in section 1 should be considered for any use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1	Control parameters						
	Regulated Exposure limit values	No specifi	o specific EU official limit.				
	Recommended occupational and consumer exposure limit values (following from the performed CSA): For ammonium nitrate	Oral Dermal Inhalation	Worker Not app 21.3 m 37.6 m	olicable g/kg bw/day g/m3	General population 12.8 mg/kg bw/day 12.8 mg/kg bw/day 11.1 mg/m3	t effects from acute exposure to the substance do not occur.	
	PNEC For ammonium nitrate	fresh wate mg/l	r: 0.45	marine water: 0.045 mg/l	Intermittent use/release: 4.5 mg/l	Sewage treatment plant: 18 mg/l	
8.2	Exposure controls						
	Appropriate engineering measures	Avoid high	dust co	ncentration and p	provide ventilation whe	re necessary.	
	Hygienic measures	When handling the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling and before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.					
	Individual protection						
	Respiratory system			on is high and/or 149, filters P1).	ventilation is inadequat	te, use suitable dust mask or respirator with an appropriate	
	Skin and body	Working c	othes.				
	Hands	Wear suita	able glov	es (e.g. plastic, r	ubber or leather) when	handling the product over long periods.	
	Eyes	Use appropriate safety eye wear depending on the task being carried out.					
	Environmental exposure controls	contamina	tion of w	atercourses.	urses and drains and ir anitary sewer system.	nform the appropriate authority in case of accidental	

9.0 Physical and chemical properties						
Appearance	White, grey, red, or brown granules or prills unless deliberately coloured during manufacture.					
Odour	Odourless.					
Odour thrteshold	Not applicable					
рН	Usually > 4.5					
Melting point/freezing point	60-170°C depending on moisture content, ammonuim nitrate main component					
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes.					
Flash point	Not applicable, as the fertilizer is a mixture of inorganic solids					
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable					
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.					
Explosive properties	The fertilizer has a high resistance to detonation. This resistance is decreased by the presence of contaminants and/or high temperatures. Heating under strong confinement (e.g. in tubes or drains) may lead to a violent reaction or explosion especially if the is contamination by some of the substances mentioned under Section 10.					
Auto-ignition temperature	Ammonium nitrate based NPK/NP/NK fertilizer is not combustible.					
Decomposition temperature	May start to decompose above approx. 170°C.					
Minimum ignition energy	Not applicable					
Oxidising properties	Not classified as an oxidizer.					
Critical temperature	Not applicable					
Relative density	Not applicable					
Density	1725 kg/m ³ for main ingredient ammonium nitrate as solid material					
Loose bulk density	Normally between 900-1200 kg/m ³ .					
Vapour pressure at 20°C	Not applicable					
Loose bulk density	Normally between 900-1200 kg/m ³ .					

Vapour density	Not applicable
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not applicable
Mean particle size	2-4mm approx.
	Pure ammonium nitrate:1920 g/l at 20 °C Hygroscopic - readily picks up moisture from the air.
Surface tension	Not surface active (based on molecular structure)
Other information	
Miscibility	Not applicable
Fat solubility	Not available
Gas group	Not applicable
Remarks	Molecular weight 80 (For main ingredient ammonium nitrate).

10.0	Stability and reactivity	
10.1	Reactivity	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7, handling and storage).
10.2	Chemaical stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7, handling and storage).
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	When heated can decompose.
10.4	Conditions to avoid	Heating above 170°C (decomposes to gases). Contamination by incompatible materials. Unnecessary exposure to the atmosphere. Sources of heat or fire close to the product. Heating under confinement. Welding or hot work on equipment or plant which may have contained fertilizer without first washing thoroughly to remove all fertilizer.
10.5	Incompatible materials	Combustible materials, reducing agents, acids, alkalis, sulphur, chlorates, chromates, nitrites, permanganates, metallic powders and substances containing metals such as copper, nickel, cobalt, zinc and their alloys.
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	For fire situation: see section 5. When strongly heated, it melts and decomposes releasing toxic fumes (e.g. NO _x , ammonia and other gases depending on composition) When in contact with alkaline material such as lime, may give off ammonia gas. See also Sections 2 and 9.

DT	oxicological information		
1	nformation on toxicological effects		
Т	oxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	Not available	
A	Acute toxicity	Ingredients	
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium nitrate	LD50: 2950 mg/kg bw (OECD 401)
	Acute dermal toxicity	Ammonium nitrate	LD50: > 5000 mg/kg bw (OECD 402)
	Acute inhalation toxicity	Ammonium nitrate	LC50: > 88.8 mg/l (no guideline followed)
	Acute oral toxicity	Diammonium phosphate	LD50: > 2000 mg/kg, rat, (OECD 425)
		Diammonium phosphate	LD50: > 5000 mg/kg, rat, (OECD 402)
	Acute inhalation toxicity	Diammonium phosphate	LC50: > 5 mg/l, rat, 4hr duration of exposure, (OECD 403)
	Acute oral toxicity	Potassium chloride	LD50: > 3020 mg/kg
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: 2840 mg/kg, rat.
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: 4540 mg/kg, rat.
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: 640 mg/kg, mouse.
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LDLO: 3500 mg/kg, domestic animals.
	Acute dermal toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: >2000 mg/kg, rat.
	Acute inhalation toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	>1000 mg/m3, (8 hours TWA), rat.
L	ocal effects		
Skin irritationProductNo critical or specific hazardEye irritationProductNot classified as irritating; see section		No critical or specific hazard	
		Product	Not classified as irritating; see section 16.
s	Sensitisation	Not sensitizing (OECD 429, with m	agnesium nitrate, nitric acid ammonium calcium salt, sodium nitrate)
	Dther	For main ingredient ammonium niti	ate

	Oral 28-day NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 422, with potassium nitrate) Oral 52-week NOAEL = 256 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 453, with ammonium sulfate) Inhalation 2-weeks NOAEL ≥ 185 mg/m3 (OECD 412)
	Negative (OECD 471, 473, with nitric acid ammonium calcium salt) Negative (OECD 476, with potassium nitrate)
Reproductive toxicity	Oral 28-day NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 422, with potassium nitrate)
Carcinogenicity	Not carcinogenic (OECD 453, with ammonium sulfate)
	Adverse health effects are considered unlikely when the product is handled and used correctly. If large quantities are ingested may give rise to gastro-intestinal disorders.

12.0	Ecological information		
12.1	Toxicity		
	Ammonium Nitrate	Fish (short-term)	48-h LC50: 447 mg/l (no guideline followed)
		Fish (long-term)	No data
		Daphnia magna (short-term)	48-h EC50: 490 mg/l (no guideline followed, with potassium nitrate)
		Daphnia magna (long-term)	No data
		Algae	10-d EC50: > 1700 mg/l (seawater, no guideline followed, performed with potassium nitrate)
		Inhibition of microbial activity	3-h EC50: >1000 mg/l, NOEC: 180 mg/l (OECD 209, with sodium nitrate)
	Diammonium Phosphate	Acute algae toxicity	EC50: > 100 mg/l, EC10/LC10 or NOEC = 100mg/l for freshwater algae, species; Selanastrum capricornutum, 72 hour period.
	Potassium Chloride	Fish	LC50: 880 mg/l, species Pimephales Promelas, (fathead minnow), 96 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 203.
		Daphnia magna	EC50: 440 - 880 mg/l, species Dapnia Magna, (water flea), 48 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 202.
		Algae	EC50: >100 mg/l, species Desmodesmus Subspicatus, (green algae), 72 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 201.
		Bacteria	EC50: >1000mg/l, activated sludge, 3 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 209.
	Ammonium Sulphate	Toxicity to fish	LC50: 6.6 - 39.2 mg/l, species Oncorhynchus Mykiss, (rainbow trout), 96 hour period.
			LC50; >20 mg/l, species Pimephales Promelas, (fathead minnow), 96 hour period.
		Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	LC50; >20 mg/l, species Daphnia Magna, (water flea), 96 hour period.
12.2	Persistence and degradability	Ingredient name	Ammonium Nitrate
	Biodegradation	Standard test is not applicable as the n	nixture is inorganic.
	Hydrolysis	No hydrolysable group is present, will o	completely dissociate into ions.
		Ingredient name	Diammonium Phosphate
	Biodegradation	Standard test is not applicable as the n	I nixture is inorganic.
	Hydrolysis	No hydrolysable group is present, will o	completely dissociate into ions.
		Ingredient name	Potassium Chloride
	Biodegradation	Not applicable	
	Hydrolysis	Not applicable	
		Ingredient name	Ammonium Sulphate
	Biodegradation	Standard test is not applicable as the n	l nixture is inorganic.
	Hydrolysis	Not applicable	
		Ingredient name	Calcium Carbonate
	Biodegradation	Calcium Carbonate is non-volatile and	inert, it is resistant to degradation and will persist in the environment
	Hydrolysis	Not applicable	
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	Octanol-water partition coefficient (Kow)	Not relevant as the mixture is inorganic, but considered to be low (based on high water solubility)
		Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Low potential for bioaccumulation (based on main ingredient properties).
I	l	L	J

12.4	Mobility in soil	Low potential for adsorption (based on main ingredient properties)		
		Very soluble in water. The NO3- ion is mobile. The NH4+ ion is adsorbed by soil.	Di-	
		ammonium Phosphate (N & P); Phosphates whether citrate or water soluble, are translocate	d in the soil only over very	
		short periods and are then immobilised.	Potassium Chloride (K);	
		Not applicable.		
		Ammonium Sulphate (S); easily soluble in cold water.	Calcium	
		Carbonate is resistant to degradation and will persist in the environment.		
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB assessment has been		
		conducted since ammonium nitrate is inorganic.	According to	
		data available, Di-ammonium Phosphate (N & P), is not PBT and not VPvB.	Potassium Chloride, (K), is	
		inorganic so no PBT and vPvB assessment is required.		
		Ammonium Sulphate, (S), is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.	Calcium	
		Carbonate - not applicable.		
12.6	Other adverse effects	Heavy spillage may cause adverse environmental impact such as eutrophication in confined	surface waters.	

Disposal considerations	Disposal considerations		
Container	Containers should be cleaned by appropriate method and then re-used or disposed by landfill or incineration as appropriate, in accordance with local and national regulations. Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned.		
Methods of disposal	Depending on degree and nature of contamination dispose of by use as fertilizer on farm, as raw material for liquid fertilizer, or to an authorised waste facility. Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way and in accordance with all applicab local and national regulations. See chapters 06 03 and 06 10 of the list of wastes (Commission decision 2000/532/EC)		
Package waste disposal	Empty the bag by shaking to remove as much as possible of its contents. If approved by local authorities, empty bags may be disposed of as non-hazardous material or returned for recycling		

14.0	Transport information					
		ADR/RID	ADN/ADNR	IMDG	ICAO/IATA	
14.1	UN Number	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	
14.2	UN Proper shipping name	Fertilizer	Fertilizer	Fertilizer	Fertilizer	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	
14.4	Packing group	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
	Label	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not applicable.				
14.6	Special precautions for user	None.				
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.				

15.0	Regulatory information			
15.1	Safety, health and environmental EC 2003/2003, 96/82 EC; Seveso Directive. regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
		Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), EC 2003/2003, 96/82 EC. Decision No 1348/2008/EC of the European Parliament & of the Council and Commission Regulation (EC) No 552/2009. Notification and Marking of Sites Regulations 1990, (NAMOS), (as amended 2013).		
15.2		In accordance with REACH Article 14, a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the main ingredient Ammonium Nitrate as a substance.		

6.0	Other information				
-	The information provided in this safety data sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any proceed, unless specified in the text.				
	Classification in accordance with Regulation 1272/2008, as listed in Annex VI:	None.			
	Classification in accordance with Regulation 1272/2008, by self-classification based on the performed CSA	Not classified. No eye irritation (tested on mixtures with similar compositions according to OECD 437 and OECD 405)			
Ī	Risk phrases	R8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire. R36 Irritating to eye.			
;	Symbols	O oxidizing Xi irritant			
	Abbreviations and acronyms	Oxidizing solids category 3 (Ox. Sol 3) Eye irritation Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2) Causes serious eye irritation (H319) May intensify fire; oxidisor (H272)			

Training advice	
Date of previous SDS	September 2014
Modifications in this version	None.
References	EFMA/Fertilizers Europe Guidance documents, TFI HPV data; NOTOX gap analysis

Disclaimer

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is given in good faith and belief in its accuracy based on our knowledge of the substance/preparation concerned at the date of publication. It does not imply the acceptance of any legal liability or responsibility whatsoever by Glasson Fertilizers for the consequences of its use or misuse in any particular circumstances.

Glasson Fertilisers

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