## **Product Safety Data Sheet**

Conforms to REGULATION (EU) No. 453/2010

Group Number	9
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## NPK/NP/NK (Non-Ammonium Nitrate Based)

1.0	Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1	Product Identifier		
	Product/Trade name	Glasson Fertilisers 24-05-00, 16-15-12, 18-11-10, 19-08-12, 19-14-08, 20-04-12, 20-06-10, 20-10-10, 20-12-08, 22-03-03, 23-05-05, or any other non-Ammonium Nitrate based NPK, NP or NK fertilizers.	
	Common chemical name	Glasson Fertilisers non-Ammonium Nitrate based NPK, NP or NK fertilizers.	
	Synonyms	Not applicable.	
	Chemical formula	Not applicable.	
	EU index number	Not applicable.	
	EC No	Not applicable.	
	CAS No.	Not applicable.	
	REACH Registration Number.	Not applicable as the fertilizer is a mixture.	
	National Product Registration Number, where applicable	Not applicable.	
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or	mixture and uses advised against	
	Use of the substance/mixture	Fertilizer	
	Uses advised against	The use of this substance should be limited to those specified in this SDS.	
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data she	et	
	Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	Glasson Fertilisers	
		West Quay, Glasson Dock	
		Lancaster, LA2 0DB	
		Tel: +44 (0) 1524 753600	
		fertilizers@glassongrain.co.uk	
1.4	Emergency telephone number	+44 (0)1524 753600 (7:30am - 5:00pm)	

2	Hazards identification	
2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture	
	Classification in accordance with Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP)	Non-hazardous.
	Hazard Statement(s)	Not applicable
	Classification in accordance with Directive 67/548 (DSD) Risk phrase(s)	Not applicable
	Label elements	
	Hazard pictogram(s)	None.
	Signal word	Not applicable
	Hazard Statement(s)	None.

	Precautionary statement(s)	P220 K P370+P378 Ir	eep away from heat, sparks, open flames & hot surfaces. — No smoking. eep/Store away from combustible materials & chemicals. n case of fire: Use copious quantities of water.	
		P264 V	Vash hands thoroughly after handling.	
2.3	Other hazards			
	PBT/vPvB criteria	5	III of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB assessment has been nonium nitrate is inorganic.	
	Other hazards which do not result in cl	lassification		
	Physical and chemical hazards	Fertilizers are basically harmless products when handled correctly. However, the following points should be noted for fire, heating and detonation: The fertilizer is not itself combustible but it can support combustion, even in the absence of air. On heating it melts and further heating can cause decomposition, releasing toxic fumes containing nitrogen oxides, ammonia and other gases depending on composition. It has high resistance to detonation. Heating under strong confinement can lead to explosive behaviour.		
	Health hazards	skin may cause disco dust at high concentra	ically harmless products when handled correctly. However, prolonged or repeated contact with mfort, ingestion of large quantities may give rise to gastro-intestinal disorders and inhalation of ations may cause irritation of the nose and upper respiratory tract with symptoms such as sore There are no known long term effects.	
	Environmental hazards	,	ate and phosphate may cause adverse environmental impact such as eutrophication in confined ate contamination. See Section 12.	

Mixture							
Hazardous ingredients							
Chemical name	CAS no.	EC no.	Generic REACh Reg No.)	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008	Classification Directive 67/548/EEC	% (w/w)	
Other ingredients			•	•		•	
Ammonium Sulphate	7783-20-2	231-984-1	01-2119455044-46- xxxx	-	-	Variable	
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	207-439-9	Exempt	-	-	Variable	
Potassium Chloride	7447-40-7	231-211-8	Exempt	-	-	Variable	
Diammonium Phosphate	7783-28-0	231-987-8	01-2119490974-22- xxxx	-	-	Variable	
Magnesium Sulphate	14168-73-1	231-298-2	Exempt	-	-	Variable	
Potassium Sulphate	7778-80-5	231-915-5	01-2119489441-34- xxxx	-	-	Variable	

4.0	First aid measures		
4.1	Description of first aid measures		
	General In some cases medical attention necessary (see below).		
		Remove from source of exposure to dusts. Obtain medical attention if ill effects occur.	
	Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth and then give water or milk to drink. Obtain medical attention if more than a small quantity has been swallowed.		
	Skin contact	Wash the affected area with water.	

	,	Flush/irrigate eyes with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Obtain medical attention if symptoms persist.	
4.2	Most important symptoms and effects, both a	cute and delayed	
	Acute effects	None known.	
	Delayed effects	None known.	
4.3	Indication of any immediate medical attention	and special treatment needed	
	Note to physician	Inhalation of fire and thermal decomposition gases, containing oxides of nitrogen, ammonia and other toxic gases can cause irritation and corrosive effects on the respiratory system. Some lung effects may be delayed. Give oxygen, especially if there is blueness around the mouth.	

5.0	Fire-fighting measures		
5.1	5.1 Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	If fertilizer is not directly involved in the fire Use the best means available to extinguish the fire If fertilizer is involved in the fire Use plenty of water.	
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use chemical extinguishers or foams or attempt to smother the fire with steam or sand.	
5.2	Special hazards arising from the substance	or mixture	
	Specific hazards	Potential explosion hazard under fire conditions when severely confined and/or contaminted with incompatible materials (e.g. organic materials, halogenated compounds - see Section 10). Do not allow molten fertilizers to run into drains.	
	Hazardous thermal decomposition and combustion products	Oxides of nitrogen, ammonia and depending on composition HCl etc.	
5.3	Advice for firefighters		
	Special fire fighting procedures	Open doors and windows of the store to give maximum ventilation. Avoid breathing the fumes (toxic); stand up-wind of the fire. Prevent any contamination of fertilizer by oils or other combustible materials.	
	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	Use a self-contained breathing apparatus if fumes are being entered.	

6.0	Accidental release measures		
	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Avoid walking through spilled product and exposure to dust.	
6.2	Environmental precautions	Take care to avoid the contamination of watercourses and drains and inform the appropriate authority in case of accidental contamination of watercourses.	
6.3	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Any spillage of fertilizer should be cleaned up promptly, swept up and placed in a clean labelled open container for safe disposal, avoiding dusty conditions. Do not mix with sawdust and other combustible or organic substances. Dilute any contaminated or fine grained fertilizer with inert materials such as limestone/dolomite, mineral phosphate, gypsum, sand or dissolve in water.	
6.4	Reference to other sections	See section 1 for emergency contact information, section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.	

7.0	Handling and storage		
	The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of identified uses given in section 1 should be considered for any use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).		
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Avoid excessive generation of dust. Avoid contamination by combustible (e.g. diesel oil, grease, etc.) and/or other incompatible materials. Avoid unnecessary exposure to the atmosphere to prevent moisture pick-up. When handling the product over long periods use appropriate personal protective equipment, e.g. gloves. Carefully clean all equipment prior to maintenance and repair.	
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	<ul> <li>Store in compliance with national and local regulations</li> <li>Locate away from the sources of heat or fire.</li> <li>Keep away from combustible materials and substances mentioned under Section10.</li> <li>On farm, ensure that the fertilizer is not stored near hay, straw, grain, diesel oil, etc.</li> <li>When stored loose, take particular care to avoid mixing with other fertilizers.</li> <li>Ensure high standard of housekeeping in the storage area.</li> <li>Do not permit smoking and use of naked lights in the storage areas.</li> <li>Restrict stack size (according to local regulations) and keep at least 1m distance around the stacks of bagged products.</li> <li>Any building used for the storage should be dry and well ventilated.</li> <li>Where the nature of the bagged product and climatic conditions so require, store under conditions that will avoid product breakdown by thermal cycling (wide variation in temperature).</li> <li>The product should not be stored in direct sunlight to avoid physical breakdown due to thermal cycling.</li> <li>Packaging materials:</li> <li>Plastic synthetic materials, steel and aluminum are suitable. Avoid use of copper and zinc.</li> </ul>	
7.3	Specific end use(s)	Fertiliser.	

## 8.0 Exposure controls/personal protection

	The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of identified uses given in section 1 should be considered for any use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).		
8.1	Control parameters		
	Regulated Exposure limit values	No specific EU official limit.	
	Recommended occupational and consumer exposure limit values (following from the performed CSA): For ammonium nitrate	Exposure pattern Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)         Workers       General population         Oral       Not applicable       12.8 mg/kg bw/day         Dermal       21.3 mg/kg bw/day       12.8 mg/kg bw/day         Inhalation       37.6 mg/m3       11.1 mg/m3         The long-term DNEL is considered sufficient to ensure that effects from acute exposure to the substance do not on the substance do not	occur.
	PNEC For ammonium nitrate	fresh water: 0.45 marine water: Intermittent Sewage mg/l 0.045 mg/l use/release: 4.5 treatment plant: mg/l 18 mg/l	
8.2	Exposure controls Appropriate engineering measures	Avoid high dust concentration and provide ventilation where necessary.	
	Hygienic measures	When handling the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling and before eating, smoking an using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.	nd
		If dust concentration is high and/or ventilation is inadequate, use suitable dust mask or respirator with an appropr filter (e.g. EN 143, 149, filters P1).	riate
	Skin and body	Working clothes.	
	Hands	Wear suitable gloves (e.g. plastic, rubber or leather) when handling the product over long periods.	
	Eyes	Use appropriate safety eye wear depending on the task being carried out. Avoid the contamination of watercourses and drains and inform the appropriate authority in case of accidental	
		contamination of watercourses. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.	

Physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	White, grey, red, or brown granules or prills unless deliberately coloured during manufacture.	
Odour	Odourless.	
Odour thrteshold	Not applicable	
рН	Usually > 4.5	
Melting point/freezing point	> 130°C depending on moisture content	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes.	
Flash point	Not applicable, as the fertilizer is a mixture of inorganic solids	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.	
Explosive properties	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	May start to decompose above approx. 130°C depending on ingredients.	
Minimum ignition energy	Not applicable	
Oxidising properties	Not classified as an oxidizer.	
Critical temperature	Not applicable	
Relative density	Not applicable	
Density	Not applicable	
Loose bulk density	Normally between 900-1100 kg/m <sup>3</sup> .	
Vapour pressure at 20°C	Not applicable	
	Appearance Odour Odour thrteshold pH Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Explosive properties Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Minimum ignition energy Oxidising properties Critical temperature Relative density Density Loose bulk density	

Vapour density	Not applicable
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not applicable
Mean particle size	2-4mm approx.
Water solubility	Soluble.
Surface tension	Not surface active (based on molecular structure)
Other information	
Miscibility	Not applicable
Fat solubility	Not available
Gas group	Not applicable
Remarks	No further information available

10.0	Stability and reactivity	
10.1	Reactivity	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7, handling and storage).
10.2	Chemaical stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7, handling and storage).
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	When heated can decompose.
10.4	Conditions to avoid	Heating above 130°C (decomposes to gases) depending on ingredients. Contamination by incompatible materials. Unnecessary exposure to the atmosphere. Sources of heat or fire close to the product. Heating under confinement. Welding or hot work on equipment or plant which may have contained fertilizer without first washing thoroughly to remove all fertilizer.
10.5	Incompatible materials	Combustible materials, reducing agents, acids, alkalis, sulphur, chlorates, chromates, nitrites, permanganates, metallic powders and substances containing metals such as copper, nickel, cobalt, zinc and their alloys.
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	For fire situation: see section 5. When strongly heated, it melts and decomposes releasing toxic fumes (e.g. NO <sub>x</sub> , ammonia and other gases depending on composition) When in contact with alkaline material such as lime, may give off ammonia gas. See also Sections 2 and 9.

11.0	Toxicological information				
11.1	Information on toxicological effects				
	Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	Not available	Not available		
	Acute toxicity	Ingredients			
		Diammonium phosphate	LD50: > 2000 mg/kg, rat, (OECD 425)		
	-	Diammonium phosphate	LD50: > 5000 mg/kg, rat, (OECD 402)		
	Acute inhalation toxicity	Diammonium phosphate	LC50: > 5 mg/l, rat, 4hr duration of exposure, (OECD 403)		
	Acute oral toxicity	Potassium chloride	LD50: > 3020 mg/kg		
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: 2840 mg/kg, rat.		
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: 4540 mg/kg, rat.		
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: 640 mg/kg, mouse.		
	Acute oral toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LDLO: 3500 mg/kg, domestic animals.		
	Acute dermal toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	LD50: >2000 mg/kg, rat.		
	Acute inhalation toxicity	Ammonium sulphate	>1000 mg/m3, (8 hours TWA), rat.		
	Local effects				
	Skin irritation	Product	No critical or specific hazard		
	Eye irritation	Product Not classified as irritating; see section 16.			
	Sensitisation	Not sensitizing (OECD 429, with magnesium nitrate, nitric acid ammonium calcium salt, sodium nitrate)			
	Other				

	Oral 28-day NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 422, with potassium nitrate) Oral 52-week NOAEL = 256 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 453, with ammonium sulfate) Inhalation 2-weeks NOAEL ≥ 185 mg/m3 (OECD 412)
	Negative (OECD 471, 473, with nitric acid ammonium calcium salt) Negative (OECD 476, with potassium nitrate)
Reproductive toxicity	Oral 28-day NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 422, with potassium nitrate)
Carcinogenicity	Not carcinogenic (OECD 453, with ammonium sulfate)
Remarks	Adverse health effects are considered unlikely when the product is handled and used correctly. If large quantities are ingested may give rise to gastro-intestinal disorders.

2.0 Ecological information				
I2.1 Toxicity				
Diammonium Phosphate	Acute algae toxicity	EC50: > 100 mg/l, EC10/LC10 or NOEC = 100mg/l for freshwater algae, species; Selanastrum capricornutum, 72 hour period.		
Potassium Chloride	Fish	LC50: 880 mg/l, species Pimephales Promelas, (fathead minnow), 96 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 203.		
	Daphnia magna	EC50: 440 - 880 mg/l, species Dapnia Magna, (water flea), 48 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 202.		
	Algae	EC50: >100 mg/l, species Desmodesmus Subspicatus, (green algae), 72 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 201.		
	Bacteria	EC50: >1000mg/l, activated sludge, 3 hour period, OECD Test Guideline 209.		
Ammonium Sulphate	Toxicity to fish	LC50: 6.6 - 39.2 mg/l, species Oncorhynchus Mykiss, (rainbow trout), 96 hour period.		
		LC50; >20 mg/l, species Pimephales Promelas, (fathead minnow), 96 hour period.		
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	LC50; >20 mg/l, species Daphnia Magna, (water flea), 96 hour period.		
2.2 Persistence and degradability	Ingredient name	Ammonium Nitrate		
Biodegradation	Standard test is not applicable as the r	nixture is inorganic.		
Hydrolysis	No hydrolysable group is present, will o	completely dissociate into ions.		
	Ingredient name	Diammonium Phosphate		
Biodegradation	Standard test is not applicable as the mixture is inorganic.			
Hydrolysis	No hydrolysable group is present, will completely dissociate into ions.			
	Ingredient name	Potassium Chloride		
Biodegradation	Not applicable			
Hydrolysis	Not applicable	-		
	Ingredient name	Ammonium Sulphate		
Biodegradation	Standard test is not applicable as the r	nixture is inorganic.		
Hydrolysis	Not applicable			
	Ingredient name	Calcium Carbonate		
Biodegradation	Calcium Carbonate is non-volatile and	inert, it is resistant to degradation and will persist in the environment		
Hydrolysis	Not applicable			
I2.3 Bioaccumulative potential	Octanol-water partition coefficient (Kow)	Not relevant as the mixture is inorganic, but considered to be low (based on high water solubility)		
	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Low potential for bioaccumulation (based on main ingredient properties).		
I2.4 Mobility in soil	ammonium Phosphate (N & P); Phosp short periods and are then immobilised Not applicable.	mobile. The NH4+ ion is adsorbed by soil. Di- hates whether citrate or water soluble, are translocated in the soil only over ver d. Potassium Chloride (K);		
	Ammonium Sulphate (S); easily soluble Carbonate is resistant to degradation a			

12.5		According to data available, Di-ammonium Phosphate (N & P), is not PBT and not VPvB. Chloride, (K), is inorganic so no PBT and vPvB assessment is required.	Potassium
		Ammonium Sulphate, (S), is not considered to be PBT or vPvB. Carbonate - not applicable.	Calcium
12.6	Other adverse effects	Heavy spillage may cause adverse environmental impact such as eutrophication in confined surface wat	ers.

13.0	Disposal considerations		
	Container	Containers should be cleaned by appropriate method and then re-used or disposed by landfill or incineration as appropriate, in accordance with local and national regulations. Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned.	
	Methods of disposal	Depending on degree and nature of contamination dispose of by use as fertilizer on farm, as raw material for liquid fertilizer, or to an authorised waste facility. Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way and in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.	
	Package waste disposal	See chapters 06 03 and 06 10 of the list of wastes (Commission decision 2000/532/EC) Empty the bag by shaking to remove as much as possible of its contents. If approved by local authorities, empty bags may be disposed of as non-hazardous material or returned for recycling.	
Note: see section 7 for safe handling and storage			

14.0	Transport information					
		ADR/RID	ADN/ADNR	IMDG	ICAO/IATA	
14.1	UN Number	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	
14.2	UN Proper shipping name	Fertilizer	Fertilizer	Fertilizer	Fertilizer	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified	
14.4	Packing group	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
	Label	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not applicable.				
14.6	Special precautions for user	None.				
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.				

15.0	Regulatory information	
	Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
		Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), EC 2003/2003, 96/82 EC. Decision No 1348/2008/EC of the European Parliament & of the Council and Commission Regulation (EC) No 552/2009.
15.2	,	In accordance with REACH Article 14, a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the main ingredient Ammonium Nitrate as a substance.

6.0	Other information		
	The information provided in this safety data sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any proceed, unless specified in the text.		
	Classification in accordance with Regulation None. 1272/2008, as listed in Annex VI:		
	Classification in accordance with Regulation 1272/2008, by self-classification based on the performed CSA	Not classified. No eye irritation (tested on mixtures with similar compositions according to OECD 437 and OECD 405)	
	Risk phrases         R8         Contact with combustible material may cause fire.           R36         Irritating to eye.		
	Symbols	O oxidizing Xi irritant	

	Oxidizing solids category 3 (Ox. Sol 3) Eye irritation Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2) Causes serious eye irritation (H319) May intensify fire; oxidisor (H272)
Training advice	
Date of previous SDS	September 2014
Modifications in this version	None.
References	EFMA/Fertilizers Europe Guidance documents, TFI HPV data; NOTOX gap analysis

## Disclaimer

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is given in good faith and belief in its accuracy based on our knowledge of the substance/preparation concerned at the date of publication. It does not imply the acceptance of any legal liability or responsibility whatsoever by Glasson Fertilizers for the consequences of its use or misuse in any particular circumstances.

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